Neurology Specialist Clinics at Western Health:

Western Health provides the following Specialist Clinics for patients who require assessment and management of neurological conditions by a Neurologist. Patients will be triaged into one of these management pathways according to their clinical needs:

Movement Disorders Clinic	Patients with symptoms of Parkinson's disease and/or clinical	
	symptoms of ataxia, tremor or dystonia.	
General Neurology Clinic	Patients with peripheral nervous system disorders, peripheral	
	neuropathy, neuromuscular conditions, multiple sclerosis,	
	headache/migraine, motor neurone disease and dementia (in	
	patients under 60 years of age).	
Epilepsy/Seizure Clinic	Patients with previously diagnosed epilepsy or new symptoms of	
	epilepsy and seizure.	
Stoke/TIA Clinic	Patients with neurological symptoms that are vascular in nature,	
	such as stroke and transient ischaemic attack (TIA)	

Conditions not seen by Neurology Specialists at Western Health:

- Back pain (refer to subspecialty surgery clinics or manage in the community)
- Dizziness with absence of alarm symptoms (see list of alarm symptoms below and refer to Emergency Department as indicated)
- Sleep disordered breathing (refer to Respiratory/Sleep Disorder Clinic)
- Falls in elderly (refer to Falls and Balance Clinic)
- Patients requiring only Neuropsychology
- Dementia for patients > 60 years of age (refer to Western Health CDAMS clinic).
- Neurology conditions in children under 17 years of age
- Neurology appointments for Vic Road documentation

Neurological Alarm Symptoms:

The following alarm symptoms should trigger an immediate referral to an **Emergency Department:**

- Thunderclap headache (onset of headache within one minute) subarachnoid haemorrhage.
- Headache with new onset focal signs such as neck stiffness, fever or positive Kernig's sign
- Acute visual disturbance associated with pain (different to typical migraine-associated visual symptoms)
- Sudden confusion, rapidly progressing cognitive impairment, disorientation, loss of motor function or slurred speech (different to typical migraine-associated similar symptoms)
- Red eye and haloes around lights, suggestive of acute angle closure glaucoma
- Symptoms of temporal arteritis

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Access & Referral Priority Neurology:

The clinical information provided in your referral will determine the triage category. The triage category will affect the timeframe in which the patient is offered an appointment.

URGENT

Appointment timeframe 30 days

ROUTINE

Appointment timeframe greater than 30 days, depending on clinical need.

Movement Disorders Clinic:

Nil

General Neurology Clinic:

• Nil

Epilepsy/seizure Clinic:

- · First Seizure in an adult
- · Uncontrolled epilepsy

Stroke/TIA Clinic:

 New Stroke/TIA that has been investigated and managed in the community (referred within 30 days of diagnosis)

General Neurology Clinic:

- Newly diagnosed Multiple Sclerosis (MS)
- Newly diagnosed/suspected Motor Neurone Disease

Movement Disorders Clinic:

- New onset Parkinson's disease for diagnosis and initial management
- Previously diagnosed Parkinson's disease patients with three or more medications per day for management
- Parkinson's disease with frequent falls
- Ataxia
- Tremor of any form
- Dystonia

General Neurology Clinic:

Headache or migraine not responding to guideline- based treatment (see Health

Pathways Melbourne) Home - Community

HealthPathways Melbourne

peripheral neuropathy

Suspected myasthenia gravis or other muscle disorders

Dementia in patients under 60 years of age

Epilepsy/Seizure Clinic:

Unconfirmed or infrequent seizure symptoms in adult patients

Epilepsy with new symptoms for management and review in adult patients

Stroke/TIA Clinic:

Non-urgent confirmed Stroke/TIA.

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Condition Specific Referral Guidelines:

Key information enables Western Health to triage patients to the correct category and provide treatment with fewer visits to specialist clinics, creating more capacity for care. If key information is missing, you may be asked to return the referral with the required information.

Condition:	Key Information Points:	Clinical Investigations:	
Parkinson's Disease	 Symptom history Management of condition to date Current list of medications 	Essential: • CT brain	
All other Movement Disorders	 Symptom history Management of condition to date Current list of medications 	Essential: Relevant or recent imaging	
Dementia	 Onset history Symptom duration Past history Past and current treatment Current list of medications Substance use history e.g., alcohol and tobacco, other recreational drug 	Essential: • Full Blood Examination + Erythrocyte • Sedimentation Rate • Urea & Electrolytes, Creatinine. • B12 & Folate • Calcium studies	
	MMSE/RUDAS Note: If patient is over 60 years of age, with absence of rapidly progressing symptoconsider referral to Western Health's Cognitive Dementia & Memory Service (CDA This is a multidisciplinary, specialist diagnostic service for patients with previously undiagnosed memory loss/cognitive problems.		
Peripheral Neuropathy	Onset historySymptom durationPast history	 Essential: Fasting blood sugar HBA1C within three months of referral for patients with diabetes 	
 Past and current treatment Current list of medications Desiration 		 B12, B6 in cases of regular multivitamin use Desirable: EMG conduction studies prior to referral (You can refer patients for this directly) 	

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Condition:	Key Information Points:	Clinical Investigations:	
Headache	Onset history	Essential:	
	Symptom duration	CT/MRI Brain	
	Past history	Headache diary of > 3 months in duration template) attached as appendix	
	Past and current treatment	Current list of medications	
	 Relevant Blood pressure/cardiovascular history 	Details list of medications tried in the past including duration, response side effects and why ceased	
	Failed on three migraine preventative medications at highest tolerable dose for minimum of eight weeks for each medication as per Health Pathways Melbourne	Outline of self-management strategies undertaken and response - see HealthPathways Melbourne	
Multiple Sclerosis	Onset history	Essential:	
	Symptom duration	MRI Brain within three months of referral	
	Past history	Current list of medications	
	Past and current treatment	Details list of medications tried in the past, including response, side effects and why ceased	
Epilepsy/Seizure	Onset history	Essential:	
	Symptom duration	MRI brain	
	Past history	Urea & Electrolytes and Creatinine	
	Past and current treatment	Full Blood Examination	
	Current list of medications	Electrocardiogram	
		Liver Function Tests	
		Vitamin D	
		Calcium	
		Desirable:	
		Electroencephalogram	
		CT brain	
Stroke / TIA	Onset history	Essential:	
	Symptom duration	Current list of medications	
	Past history	CT (preferably with CT-Angiogram)	
	Past and current treatment	Electrocardiogram	
		Carotid Doppler Ultrasound and/or CT	
		angiogram	
		 Fasting Lipids – cholesterol /triglycerides/HDL/LDL 	
		Serum glucose	
		HBA1C for patients with diabetes	
		Full Blood Examination	
		Urea & Electrolytes	
		• INR	
		Liver Function Tests	

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Condition:	Key Information Points:	Clinical Investigations:	
		Desirable:	
		Holter Monitor	
		MRI (preferably with MR-Angiogram) Brain (stroke protocol) if available	
		Echocardiogram	

Appendices:

Headache Diary

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Headache Diary

This is a general guide to help you record your migraine attacks, symptoms and treatment. Recording details of your migraine attacks or headache can be useful. It can help:

- · your doctor make a diagnosis
- · you recognise triggers and warning signs
- · assess whether your acute or preventive medication is working
- show any patterns to attacks

A headache diary can include information on a range of things, however, it's often best to keep it simple and record basic information. This can include:

- date
- day of the week
- duration (how long the attack lasted)
- severity (how bad the attack was). This can either be recorded as mild, moderate or severe. Or on a scale from 1-10, where 10 is the worst pain you can imagine
- other symptoms you experience alongside the headache such as dizziness, vertigo, sensitivity to light, sound, smells or any symptoms that affect your movement (e.g. numbness)
- · medication you take, including if you take a second dose
- anything else that may be helpful. Such as side effects from medication, any potential triggers, your period, any changes in medication, and anything else that may be helpful

On the following page is a monthly template of a headache diary you may find helpful. More information are available from migraine foundation <u>website</u>.



Preventive and regular medication:

Date	Day	Duration	Severity	Other Symptoms	Acute/Rescue Medication	Comments
Date	Day	Duration	(1– 10)	(D-Dizziness V-Vertigo I = Light sensitivity		
				(D=Dizziness, V=Vertigo, L = Light sensitivity, S = Sound sensitivity, M= movement sensitivity)	(e.g. paracetamol, ibuprofen, triptans, anti-sickness etc)	(e.g. triggers, menstruation, changes in medication, side effects)
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