Neurosurgery Specialist Clinics at Western Health:

Western Health provides the following Specialist Clinics for patients who require assessment and management of spinal and brain conditions. Patients will be triaged by health professionals into management pathways according to specific clinical requirements (either to the neurosurgery clinic or the physiotherapy led neurosurgery clinic).

Conditions not seen by Neurosurgery Specialists at Western Health:

- Patients experiencing **degenerative spinal pain only**, and no presence of limb pain or neurological deficit unless significant instability on imaging i.e. severe malalignment or dynamic instability (movement on flexion/extension imaging) that potentially carries a risk of spinal cord or cauda equina compression)
- Patients with **degenerative spine conditions** (chronic neck or back pain) where appropriate conservative strategies have not been optimized (in the absence of motor deficits)
- Scoliosis please refer to Royal Melbourne Hospital Orthopaedic Clinic
- Aneurysm or Cavernoma, Venous Malformations & Vascular lesions please refer to Royal Melbourne
 Hospital Cerebrovascular Clinic
- Pituitary tumours please refer to Royal Melbourne Hospital Neurosurgery Pituitary Clinic
- Peripheral nerve tumours please refer to Plastic Surgery Specialist Clinic
- Carpal tunnel syndrome not responding to conservative management please refer to <u>Plastic Surgery</u>
 Specialist Clinic
- Ulna nerve compression not responding to conservative management refer to Orthopaedic Specialist Clinic
 Patients not wanting to consider surgery

Neurosurgery Alarm Symptoms:

Any patient presenting with the following should present directly to the nearest emergency department:

- Brain tumours with any of the following:
 - Significant mass effect (especially with midline shift)
 - o Significant neurological signs (especially depression of conscious state)
- Pituitary tumours associated with any of the following:
 - Significant intra-cranial mass effect
 - o Neurological signs (impairment of vision, or depressed conscious state)
 - o Patients with pituitary failure, especially hypotension or hyponatraemia
- Hydrocephalus with any of the following:
 - o Acute headache, drowsiness, vomiting
 - o Acute headache, drowsiness, vomiting with VP shunt in situ
 - Other serious neurological disturbance especially papilloedema or 6th nerve palsy
- Vascular lesion (aneurysms, AVMs, vascular conditions) with any of the following:
 - o Acute haemorrhage
 - Acute third nerve palsy
 - Other significant neurological disturbance
- Neck or back pain:
 - o Acute bacterial infection of the spine (suspected or proven)
 - o Neurological disturbance (acute quadriplegia or paraplegia, severe focal weakness not due to pain)
 - Cauda equina symptoms
 - Vertebrobasilar insufficiency symptoms

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Access & Referral Priority Neurosurgery:

The clinical information provided in your referral will determine the triage category. The triage category will affect the timeframe in which the patient is offered an appointment.

URGENT

Appointment timeframe 30 days.

Neck:

- Neck pain with neurological deficit due to cord compression (eg cervical myelopathy)
- Neck pain with referred pain to the arm (eg severe radicular pain AND significant focal weakness)
- Malignant disease of the spine without neurological disturbance
- Suspected chronic spinal infection

Back:

Brain:

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- Back pain with referred pain to the leg (severe pain AND significant focal weakness)
- Back pain secondary to neoplastic disease or infection

- Tumours of moderate dimensions without major neurological disturbance
- Hydrocephalus & periventricular oedema
- Trigeminal neuralgia with severe pain despite
- Vascular lesion larger than 5mm in diameter

ROUTINE

Appointment timeframe greater than 30 days, depending on clinical need.

Neck:

- Cord compression on MRI with pain and/or minor disability
- Cervical radiculopathy with pain and neurological symptoms persisting for longer than 6 weeks

Back:

- Significant sciatica without focal motor weakness > 4 weeks duration
- Neurogenic claudication (comes on with walking >200m)

Brain:

- Small or benign tumours or cysts without major neurological disturbance
- Aneurysm or cavernoma smaller than 5mm diameter (without haemorrhage or significant neurological disturbance)
- Venous malformations

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Condition Specific Referral Guidelines:

Key information enables Western Health to triage patients to the correct category and provide treatment with fewer visits to specialist clinics, creating more capacity for care. If key information is missing, you may be asked to return the referral with the required information.

Neck	Key Information Points:	Clinical Investigations:		
Cervical Myelopathy	Completed <u>General Practitioner Referral</u>	Imaging: MRI preferable, if		
Cervical Radiculopathy	to Neurosurgery Specialist Clinic Back &	unavailable CT scan		
Malignant disease of	Neck Questionnaire (see Appendix 1)	Include Imaging report & radiology		
cervical spine	There is a medical software compatible	provider details with referral		
Chronic infection of	version of this form available for GPs to	FBE, CRP & ESR if infection		
cervical spine	download into their software.	suspected		
	https://www.westernhealth.org.au/Health	->Please note, GP Medicare rebates		
	Professionals/ForGPs/Pages/Referrals-	apply for MRI C-Spine (suspected		
	to-Western-Health.aspx	trauma OR suspected cervical spine		
		radiculopathy). See <u>here</u> for further		
		details.		
Back	Key Information Points:	Clinical Investigations:		
Back pain with	Completed General Practitioner Referral	Imaging: MRI preferable, if		
radiculopathy	to Neurosurgery Specialist Clinic Back &	unavailable CT scan		
Neurogenic claudication	Neck Questionnaire (see Appendix 1)	Include Imaging report & radiology		
Back pain secondary to	There is a medical software compatible	provider details with referral		
neoplastic disease or	version of this form available for GPs to	FBE, CRP & ESR if infection		
infection	download into their software.	suspected		
	https://www.westernhealth.org.au/Health			
	Professionals/ForGPs/Pages/Referrals-			
	to-Western-Health.aspx			
Brain	Key Information Points:	Clinical Investigations:		
Tumours or cysts	Clinical history, examination findings	Imaging: MRI preferable, if		
Hydrocephalus &	including neurological exam	unavailable CT scan		
periventricular oedema	Details of functional deficits	Include Imaging report & radiology		
Trigeminal neuralgia	Past medical history & current	provider details with referral		
	medications	-> Please note, GP Medicare rebates		
		apply for MRI Brain (unexplained seizure/s		
		OR unexplained chronic headache with		
		suspected intracranial pathology). See		
		here for further details.		

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Appendix 1: General Practitioner Referral to Neurosurgery Specialist Clinic Back & Neck Questionnaire

PLEASE ATTACH CURRENT
IMAGING & INVESTIGATION
RESULTS TO REFERRAL

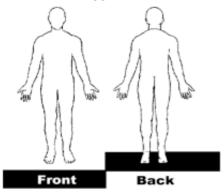


OUTPATIENT DEPARTMENT FAX: 8345 6856 NEUROSURGERY REGISTRAR: 8345 6666 PAGER

GENERAL PRACTITIONER REFERRAL TO NEUROSURGERY SPECIALIST CLINIC BACK AND NECK QUESTIONNAIRE

PATIENT INFORMATION	MALE/FEMALE	MR/MRS/MS		REFERRER DETAILS
FIRST NAME: LAST NAME:			NAME:	
DOB: WESTERN HEALTH UR # (IF KNOWN):			CLINIC NAME	
ADDRESS:			ADDRESS:	
CONTACT NUMBERS—HOME: MOBILE:		PHONE:		
INTERPRETER REQUIRED: YES/NO: If yes LANGUAGE:			FAX:	

INDICATE AREA(S) OF SYMPTOMS



PLEASE BE AWARE THAT 90-95% OF REFERRALS TO NEUROSURGERY DO NOT REQUIRE SURGICAL INTERVENTION. NEUROSURGERY SPECIALTY IS A SURGICAL CLINIC.

HISTORY OF CURRENT CONDITION (OR ATTACH REFERRAL LETTER)

Radicular Arm/Leg Pain Neurological Involvement:
Neurological Involvement:
Current Medication:
Current/Previous Management for this Condition:

PRIORITY SIGNS OF NEUROLOGICAL SYMPTOMS

1.	WEAKNESS if Yes, list weak muscle groups:	YES	NO.
2.	SENSORY LOSS	YES	NO
	URINARY/BOWEL DYSFUNCTION PERIANAL SENSORY LOSS	YES	NO NO
4.	LOSS OF REFLEX If Yes, which reflex	YES	NO
5.	HYPER-REFLEXIA	YES	NO
6.	ATAXIA	YES	NO
7.	PLANTAR REFLEX	YES	NO
8.	CLONUS	YES	NO

Many types of low back/leg pain and neck/arm pain will respond to a range of CONSERVATIVE treatments. In order to prevent acute pain becoming chronic, these conservative options should be explored first unless the involvement of neurological signs is more profound.

THE EXPECTATION IS THAT TREATMENTS HAVE BEEN TRIALLED AS PART OF

THE MANAGEMENT HISTORY TREATMENTS HAVE BEEN TRIALLED AND LENGTH OF TIME: EXERCISE: YES/TIME: NO PHYSIOTHERAPY: YES/TIME: NO WEIGHT LOSS: YES/TIME: NO ANTI-INFLAMMATORY MEDICATION: NO If YES: NAME/TIME FRAME:_ OTHER: please specify:__ FUNCTIONAL LIMITATION closest response: <100m WALKING: 50-100m >500m SITTING DURATION: <5 mins 5—15 mins > 15 mins SLEEP SIGNIFICANTLY DISTURED: VES NO BODY MASS INDEX

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